Constellation Program Overview

John F. Connolly Constellation Program Office

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CONSTELLATION



A Bold Vision for Space Exploration, Authorized by Congress



- Complete the International Space Station
- Safely fly the Space Shuttle until 2010
- Develop and fly the Crew Exploration Vehicle (Orion) no later than 2014
- Return to the Moon no later than 2020
- Extend human presence across the solar system and beyond
- Implement a sustained and affordable human and robotic program
- Develop supporting innovative technologies, knowledge, and infrastructures



 Promote international and commercial participation in exploration



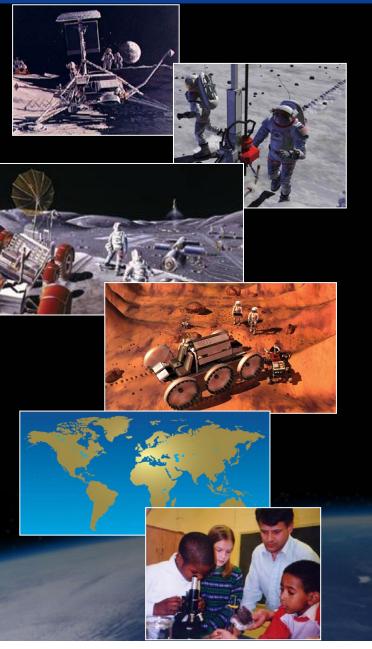
NASA Authorization Act of 2005

The Administrator shall establish a program to develop a sustained human presence on the Moon, including a robust precursor program to promote exploration, science, commerce and U.S. preeminence in space, and as a stepping stone to future exploration of Mars and other destinations.



Exploration Strategy Themes

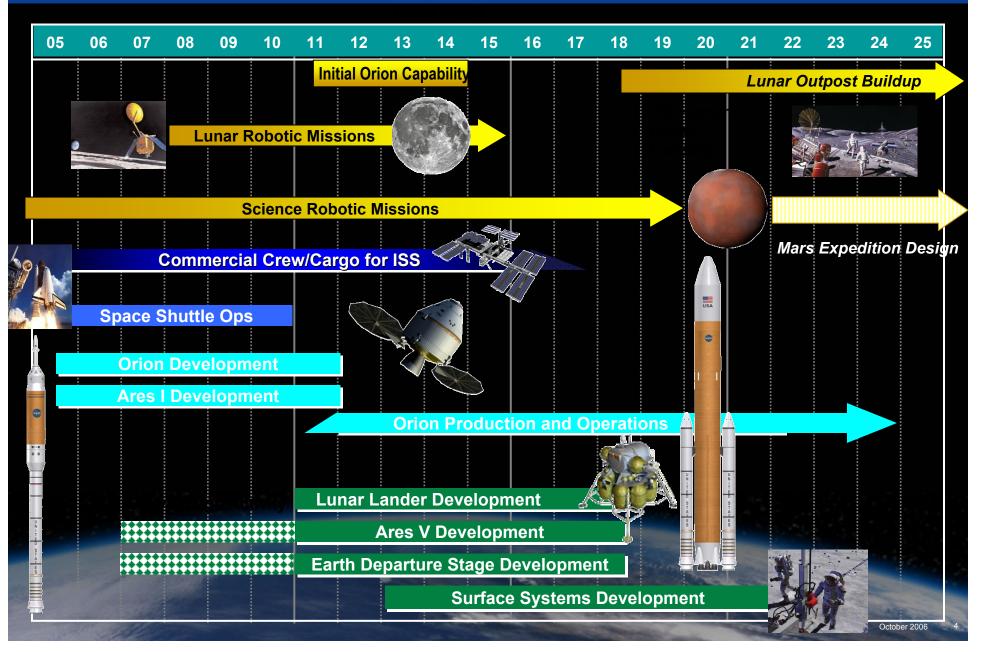




- Use the Moon to prepare for future human and robotic missions to Mars and other destinations
- Pursue scientific activities to address fundamental questions about the solar system, the universe, and our place in them
- Extend sustained human presence to the moon to enable eventual settlement
- Expand Earth's economic sphere to encompass the Moon and pursue lunar activities with direct benefits to life on Earth
- Strengthen existing and create new global partnerships
- Engage, inspire, and educate the public

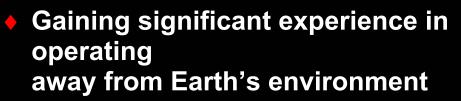


NASA's Exploration Roadmap





the First Step to Mars and Beyond



- Space will no longer be a destination visited briefly and tentatively
- "Living off the land"

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- Human support systems
- Developing technologies needed for opening the space frontier
 - Crew and cargo launch vehicles (125 metric ton class)
 - Earth ascent/entry system Orion

Conduct fundamental science

• Astronomy, physics, astrobiology, historical geology, exobiology



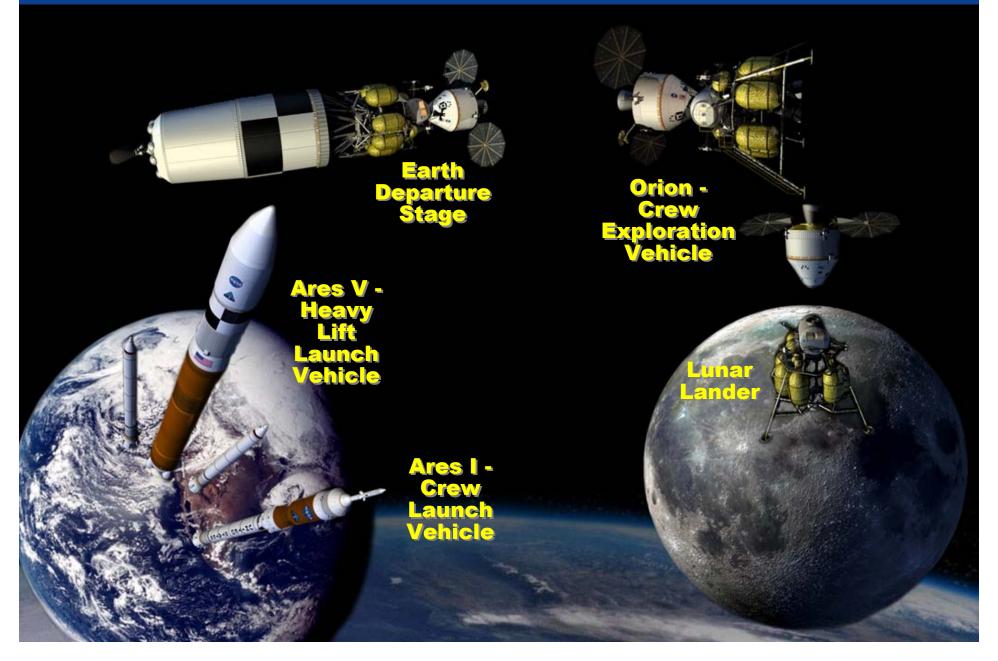


Next Step in Fulfilling Our Destiny As Explorers

Components of Program Constellation

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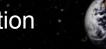






A blunt body capsule is the safest, most affordable and fastest approach

• Separate Crew Module and Service Module configuration



- Vehicle designed for lunar missions with 4 crew
 Can accommodate up to 6 crew for Mars and Space Station missions
- System also has the potential to deliver pressurized and unpressurized cargo to the Space Station if needed

5 meter diameter capsule scaled from Apollo

- Significant increase in volume
- Reduced development time and risk
- Reduced reentry loads, increased landing stability and better crew visibility



Orion is Capable of Supporting International Space Station Missions



- Transport up to 6 crew members on Orion for crew rotation
- 210 day stay time
- Emergency lifeboat for entire ISS crew
- Deliver pressurized cargo for ISS resupply





Orion System Elements



Orion consists of four functional modules

Launch Abort System ---

emergency escape during launch

<u>Crew Module</u> –

crew and cargo transport

<u>Service Module</u> –

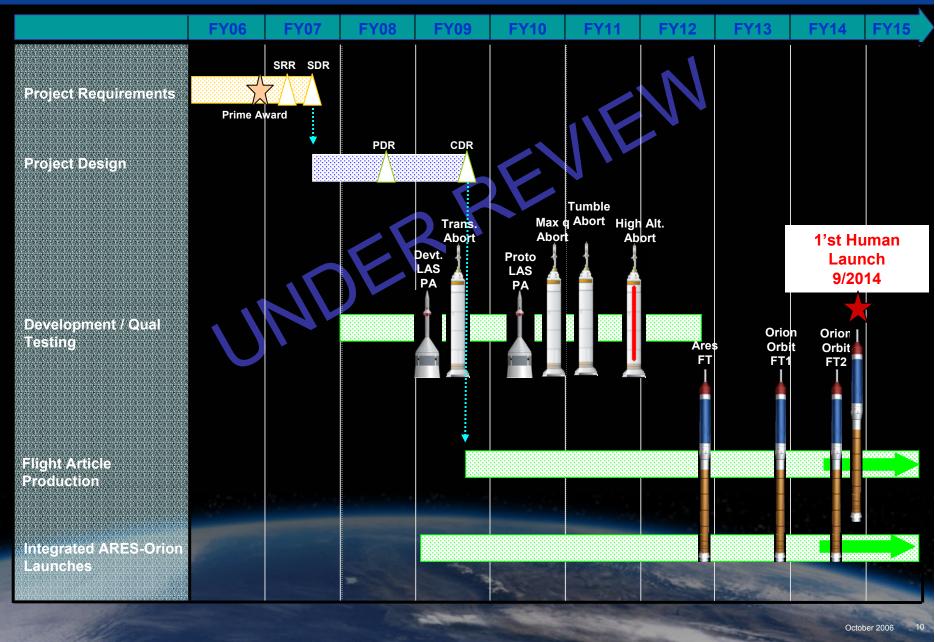
propulsion, electrical power, fluids storage

<u>Spacecraft Adapter</u> –

structural transition to launch vehicle



Orion Project Schedule Overview





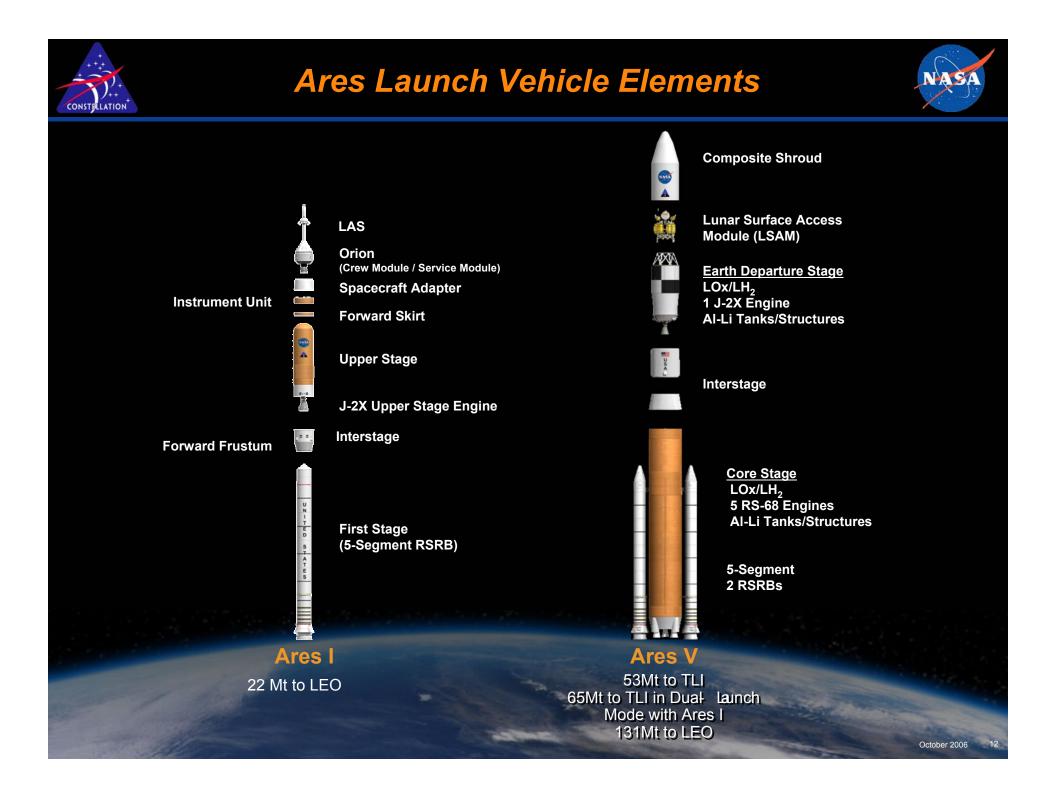
How We Plan to Return to the Moon Project Ares

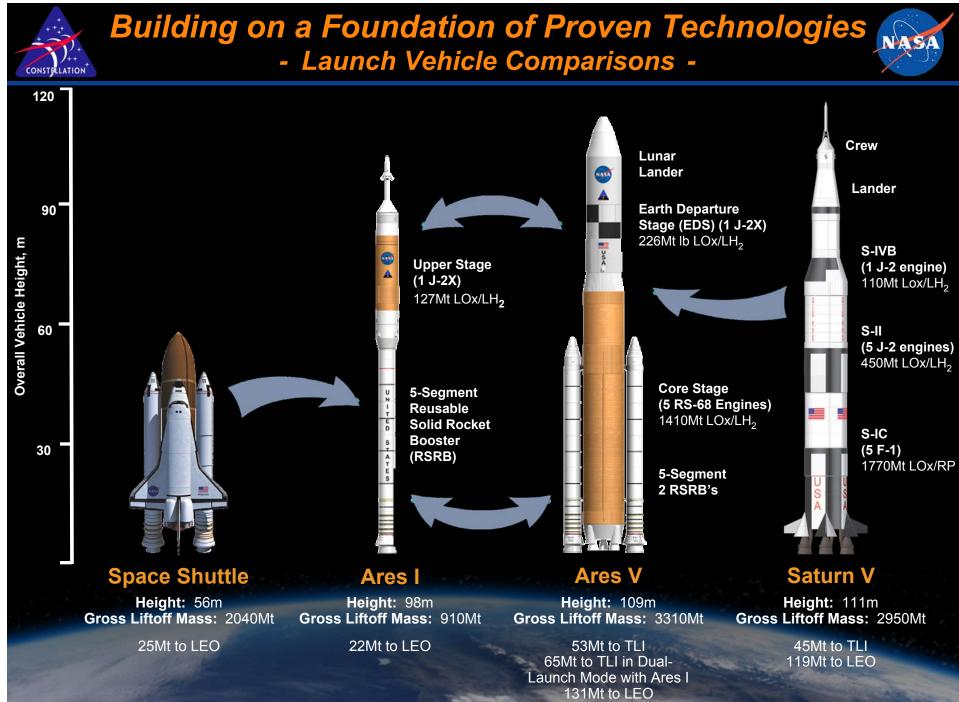


- The safest, most reliable and most affordable means of meeting crew requirements is a system derived from Space Shuttle components
 - Capitalizes on human rated systems and existing facilities
 - The most straightforward growth path to later exploration launch needs
- 131 metric ton lift capacity required to minimize on-orbit assembly and complexity – increasing mission success
 - A clean-sheet-of-paper design is too expensive and risky
 - The current Shuttle system lifts 100 metric tons to orbit on every launch – but 80 metric tons is the Orbiter



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Ares I - Crew Launch Vehicle

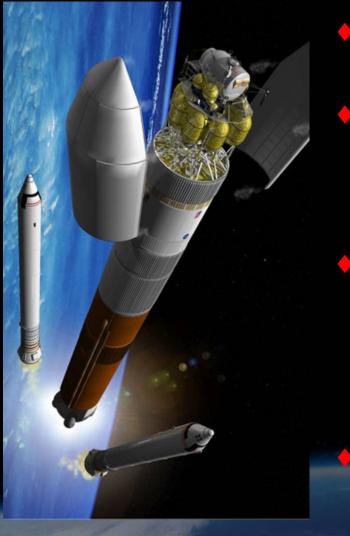


- Serves as the long term crew launch capability for the U.S.
- 5 Segment Shuttle Solid Rocket Booster
- New liquid oxygen / liquid hydrogen upperstage
 - J2X engine
- Large payload capability









5 Segment Shuttle Solid Rocket Boosters

Liquid Oxygen / liquid hydrogen core stage

- Heritage from the Shuttle External Tank
- RS68 Main Engines

Payload Capability

- 106 metric tons to low Earth orbit
- 131 Metric tons to low Earth orbit using Earth departure stage
- 53 metric tons trans-lunar injection capability using Earth departure stage

Can be certified for crew if needed



Lunar Lander



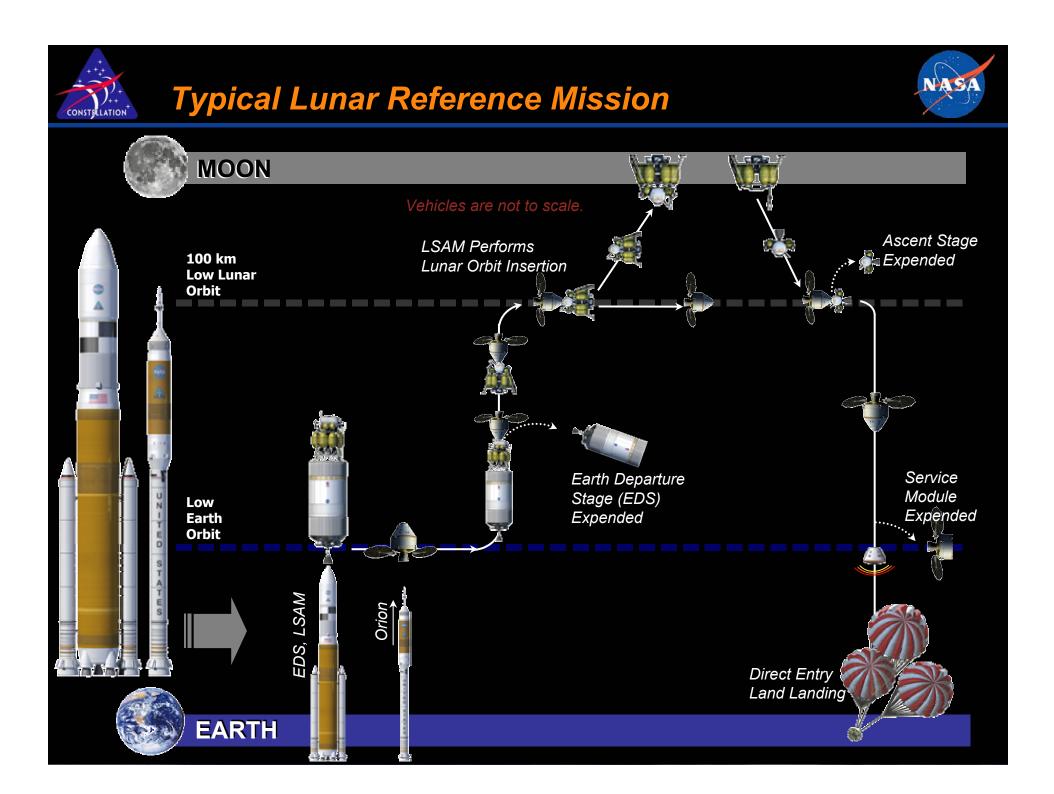


Transports 4 crew to and from the surface

- Seven days on the surface
- Lunar outpost crew rotation
- Global access capability
- Anytime return to Earth
- Capability to land 20 metric tons of dedicated cargo
- Airlock for surface activities
- Descent stage:
 - Liquid oxygen / liquid hydrogen
 propulsion

Ascent stage:

• Storable Propellants



High Priority Lunar Exploration Sites NAS CONSTELLATION North Pole 17 **Central Farside** Highlands 21 +Aristarchus Plateau 13 3 17 +Rima Bode **Mare Tranquillitatis** 9 Mare Smythii 20 6 16 (3) 12 14 511 0 Oceanus Procellarum 16 **Orientale Basin** Floor South Pole-Aitken Basin Floor Luna Surveyor Apollo South Pole Far Side Near Side October 2006

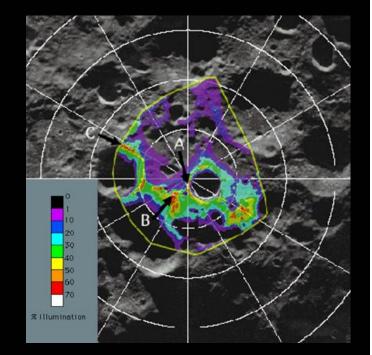


Possible South Pole Outpost



- The lunar South Pole is a likely candidate for outpost site
- Elevated quantities of hydrogen, possibly water ice (e.g., Shackelton Crater)
- Several areas with greater than 80% sunlight and less extreme temperatures
 - Incremental deployment of systems one mission at a time
 - Power system
 - Communications/navigation
 - Habitat
 - Rovers





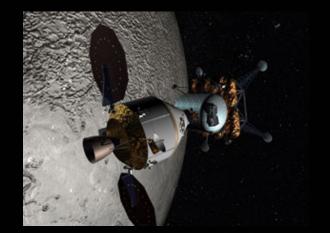




The Moon - the First Step to Mars and Beyond....



- Regaining and extending operational experience in a hostile planetary environment
- Developing capabilities needed for opening the space frontier
- Preparing for human exploration of Mars
- Science operations and discovery







The Next Step in Fulfilling Our Destiny As Explorers

